

Learning about Quantum Technologies using Games: Interactive visualizations and the role of AI

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Bundesministerium
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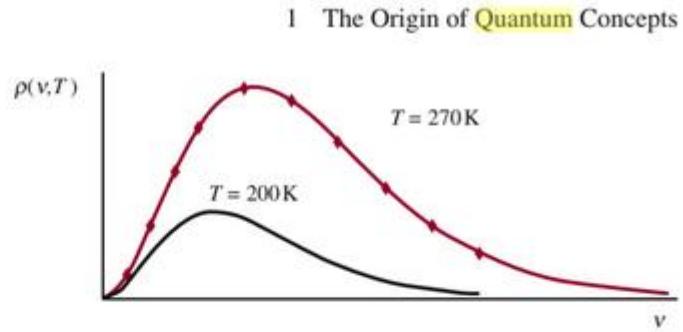
Our Collaborators



Typical instructions in Quantum Physics textbooks

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Fig. 1.2 The experimental spectral distribution and the Planck distribution for different temperatures. The description is perfect from low to high frequencies

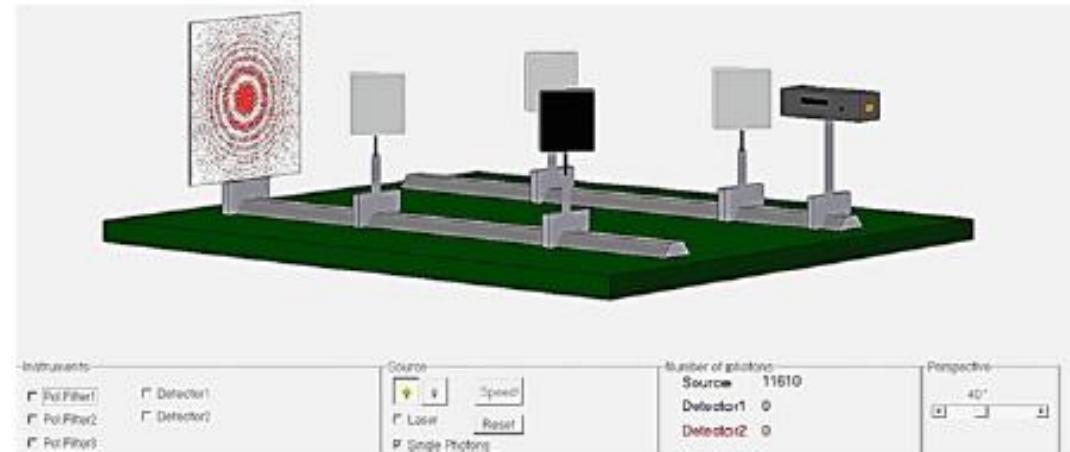


$$\bar{E} = \frac{E_v}{e^{E_v/k_B T} - 1}. \quad (1.14)$$

Using $e^x \simeq 1 + x$ for small x , this expression reduces to $k_B T$ in the high temperatures limit. Combining with the average energy of equation (1.4), we have

$$\rho_v(v, T) = \frac{8\pi v^2}{c^3} \frac{E_v}{e^{E_v/k_B T} - 1}. \quad (1.15)$$

For this distribution to satisfy the Wien displacement law, the characteristic energy E_v , the minimum energy, absorbed or emitted, must be proportional to the frequency v . Writing the characteristic energy as



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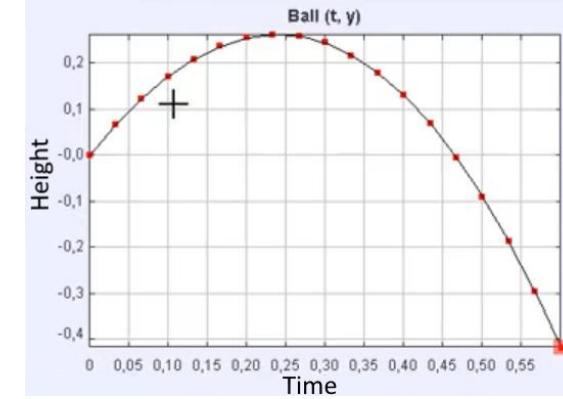
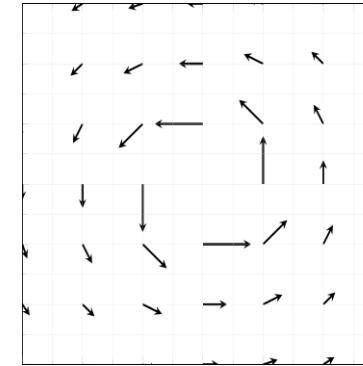
Pereyra, P. (2012). *Fundamentals of quantum physics*. Springer.

Marshman, E., & Singh, C. (2022). QUILTs: Validated teaching–learning sequences for helping students learn quantum mechanics. In *Physics Teacher Education: What Matters?* (pp. 15–35). Cham: Springer International Publishing.

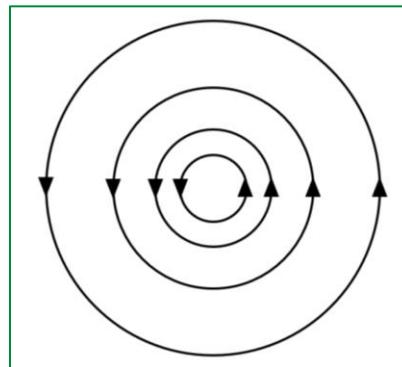
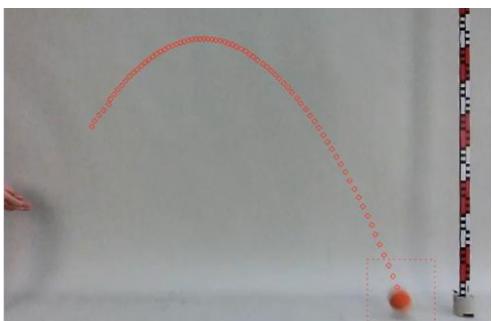


The trajectory of the ball follows a parabolic path

$$\vec{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -y \\ x^2 + y^2 \\ -x \\ x^2 + y^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

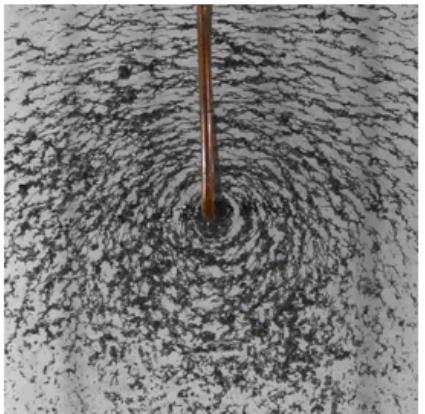
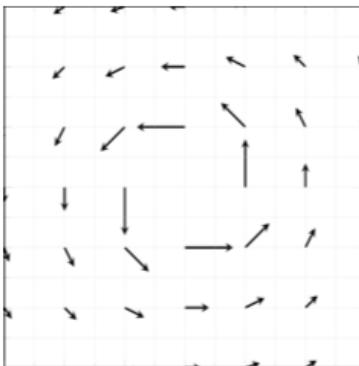
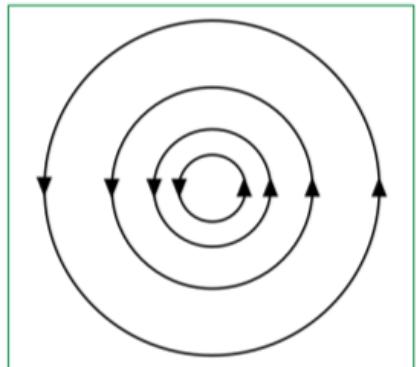


Types of representations in Physics Education



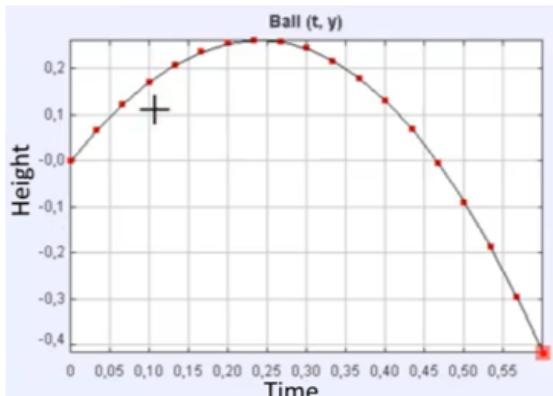
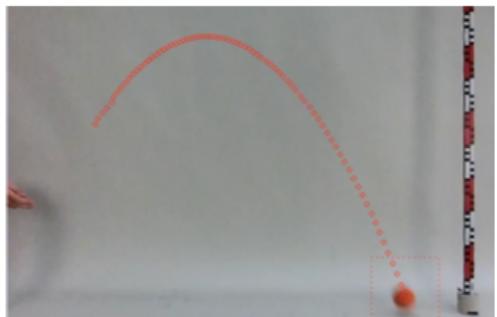
$$\vec{r} = \begin{pmatrix} v_x t + x_0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_y t + y_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The magnetic field runs circularly around the current-carrying conductor and the magnitude decays outward.

Actional-operationalVisual-graphicalVerbal-
textualSymbolic-
mathematical

The magnetic field runs circularly around the current-carrying conductor and the magnitude decays outward.

$$\vec{B} = \left(\begin{array}{c} -y \\ \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \\ -x \\ \frac{-x}{x^2 + y^2} \end{array} \right)$$



The trajectory of the ball follows a parabolic path

$$\vec{r} = \left(\begin{array}{c} v_x t + x_0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} g t^2 + v_y t + y_0 \end{array} \right)$$

Students experience different types of Cognitive Load during learning

- Three kinds of CL



Intrinsic Cognitive Load:
inherent difficulty of the subject matter



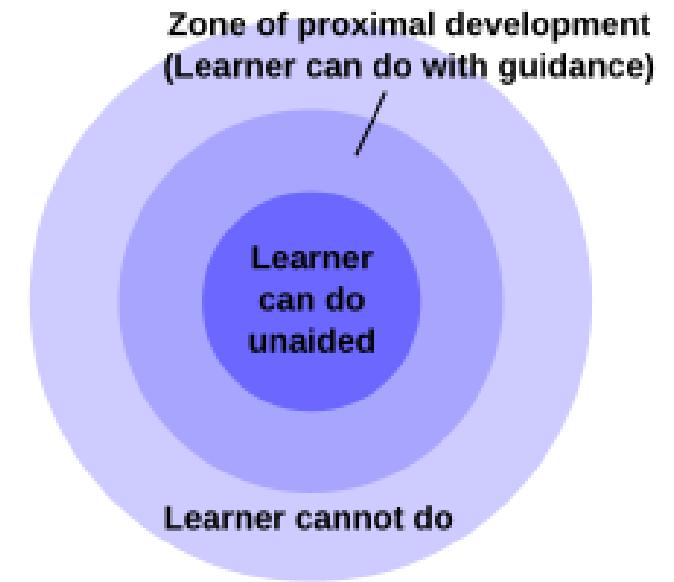
Extraneous Cognitive Load:
unnecessary cognitive burden due to poor instructional design



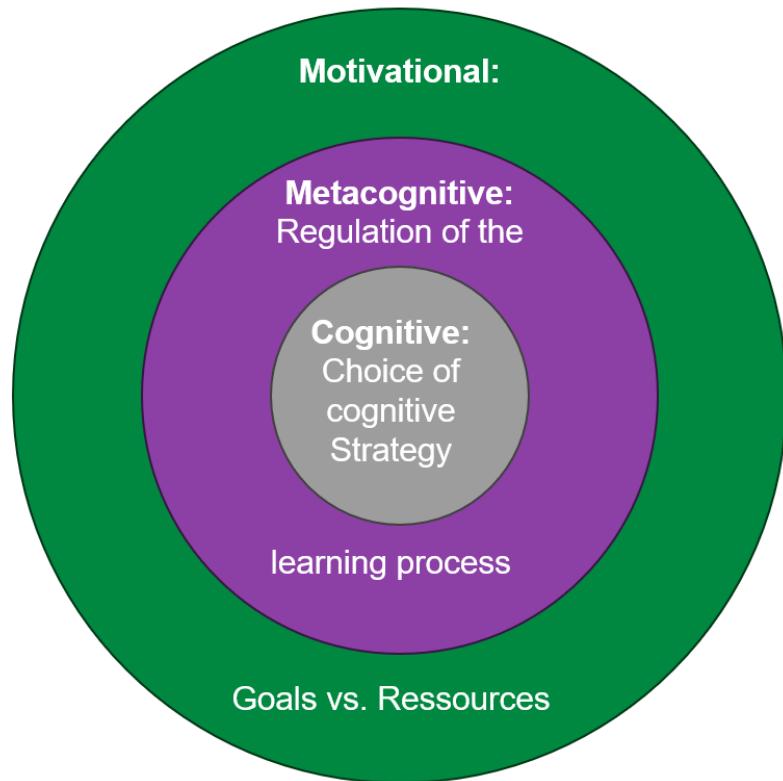
Germane Cognitive Load:
effort required for schema construction and automation

How can we regulate cognitive load?

- Scaffolding = support given to learner by instructor; tailored to learner
- Three essential features:
 1. Interaction between learner and expert should be collaborative
 2. Learning should take place in the learner's zone of proximal development
 3. Scaffold, support and guidance are gradually removed as the learner becomes more proficient

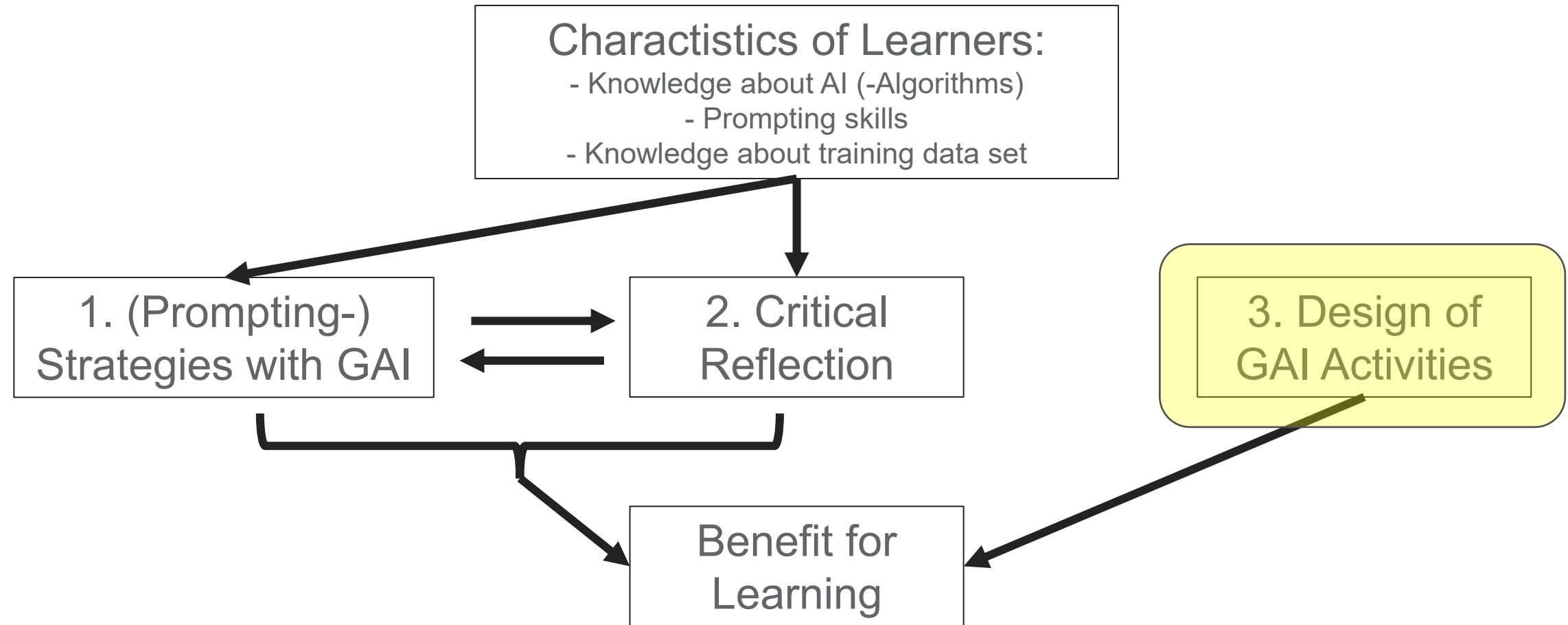


Supporting students during self-regulated learning using AI



Theoretical aspect	Prompt for the LLM	The LLM feedback
Cognitive Sense-making (Smy et al., 2016)	If the student's answer is incomplete or incorrect, encourage the student to organize and make sense of the concepts that they misunderstood or that was missing without giving the correct answer	You're right, the metal balls hit each other. But that is only one part of the whole. Think about what happens when the balls hit each other. What happens to the energy and momentum? And why does only the last ball move and not the others? Try to answer these questions to get a better understanding of Newton's cradle
Cognitive Elaboration (Berthold & M. Nückles et al., 2007)	If the student's answer is incomplete, encourage the student to elaborate on aspects that were missing without giving the correct answer	You're right, the metal balls hit each other. But that's only part of the story. Can you perhaps say a little more about this? For example, what happens when one ball hits the others? And why does the last ball move even though it wasn't hit directly by the first ball? Think about the laws of physics that we discussed in class
Cognitive Self-explanation (Hofer et al., 1175)	If the answer of the student is incomplete or incorrect, give an example of a simpler situation in which the incorrect or missing concept plays a central role and ask the student how he would explain the situation. Do not give the correct answer	You're right about the metal balls hitting each other. But what happens after that? Think of a row of dominoes. What happens when you knock over the first domino?

Challenges when using AI in education

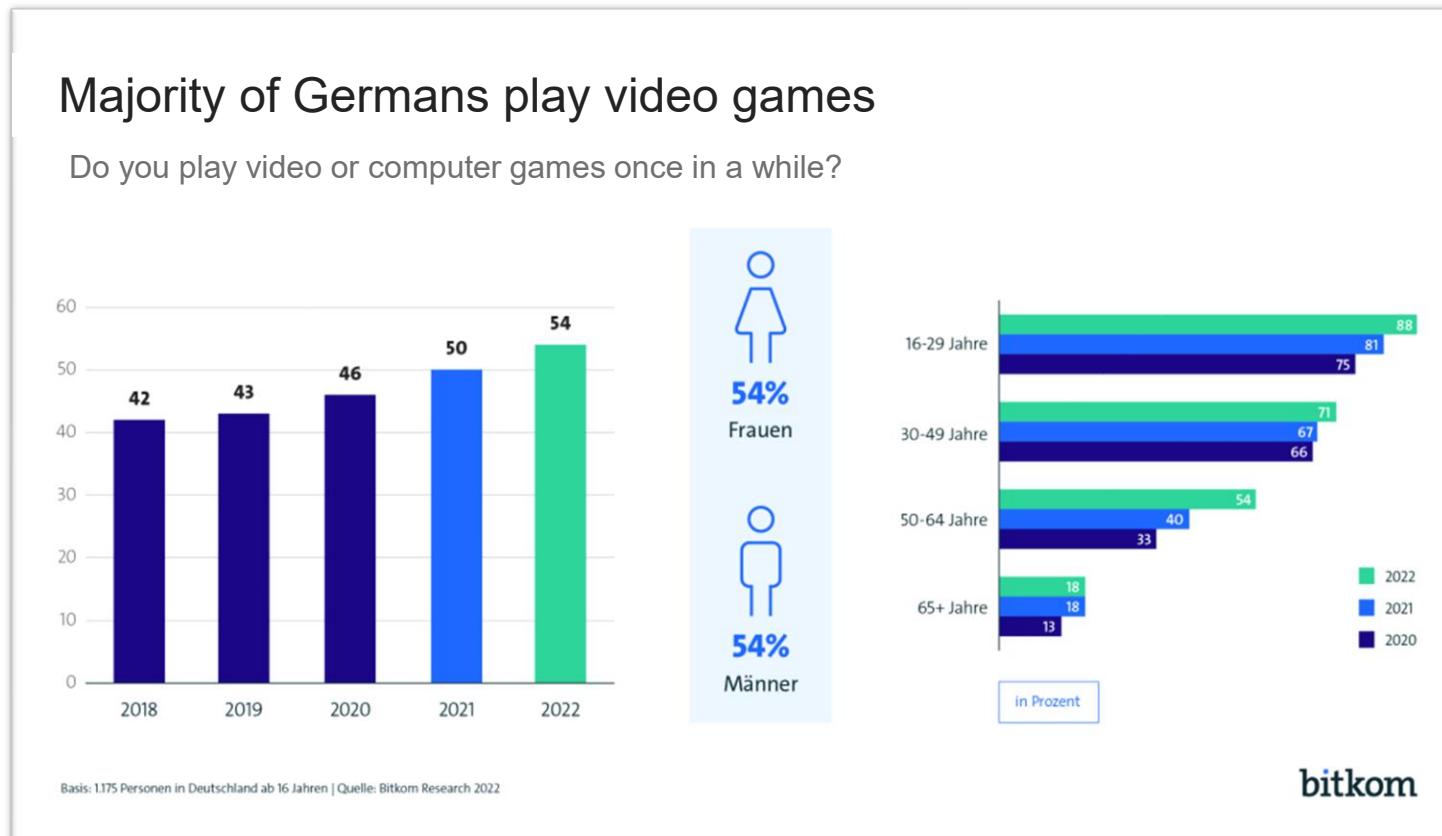


What about digital games?

Why Video Games?

Gaming Industry in Germany

The video gaming industry has grown into being one of the biggest multimedia industries in the world.



Pros and Cons of Video Games



Pros

Enhances **cognitive functions** such as **attentional control and memory**.

Chaaarani B, et al., "Association of Video Gaming With Cognitive Performance Among Children", *JAMA Netw Open* (2022).

May **improve vision** by increasing the ability to distinguish colors.

Li, et al "Video-Game Play, Induces Plasticity in the Visual System of Adults with Amblyopia." *PLoS Biology* 9. (2011)

Encourages **social connections** through multiplayer games and online networks.

Offers **educational benefits** by sparking interest in subjects and interactive learning.

Whitton, Nicola, and Alex Moseley, eds. "Using games to enhance learning and teaching". New York: Taylor & Francis, (2012).

Promotes **physical activity** in interactive games, contributing to fitness.

Cons

Can lead to **addiction**, recognized as a mental health disorder.

Porter, Guy, et al. "Recognizing problem video game use." *Australian & New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry* 44.2 (2010)

Encourages a **sedentary lifestyle**, which can be detrimental to physical health.

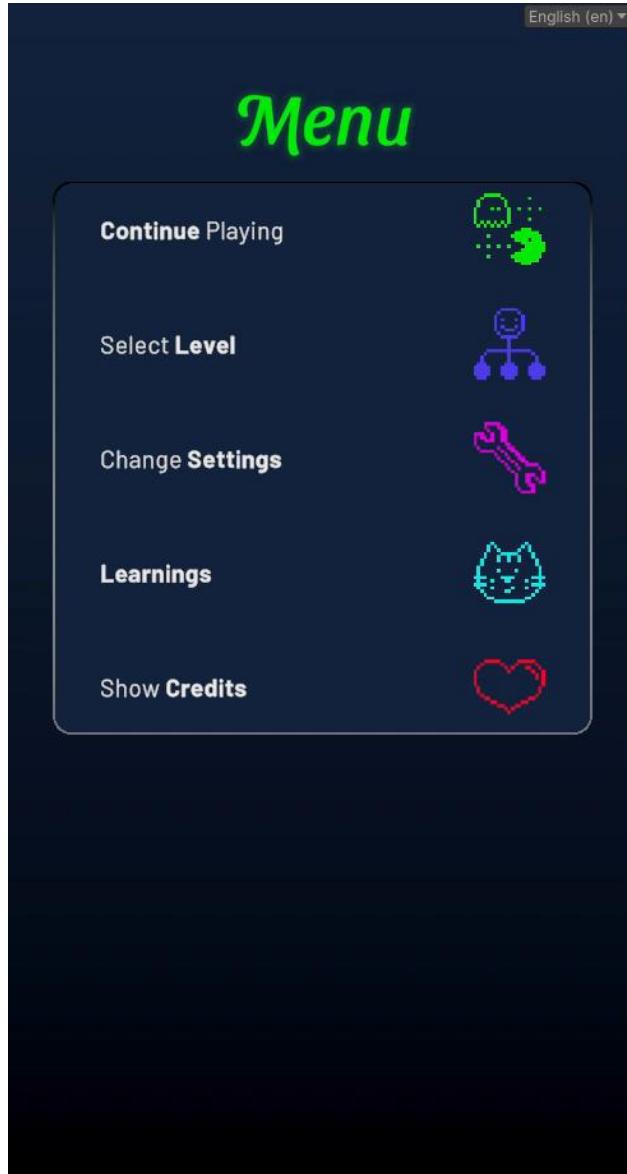
Risk of increased **aggression**, especially from violent video games.

Prescott AT, et al., "Metaanalysis of the relationship between violent video game play and physical aggression over time" *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 115(40) (2018).

Can lead to mental health concerns like **decreased focus and concentration issues**.

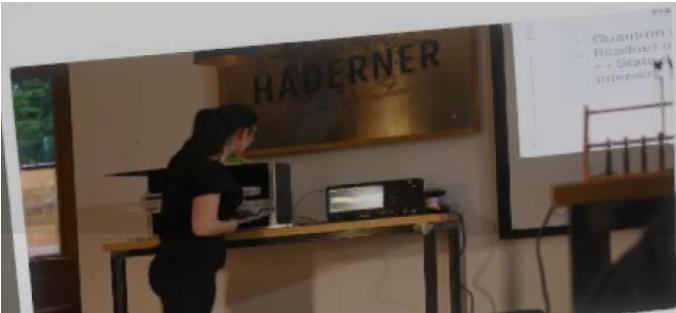
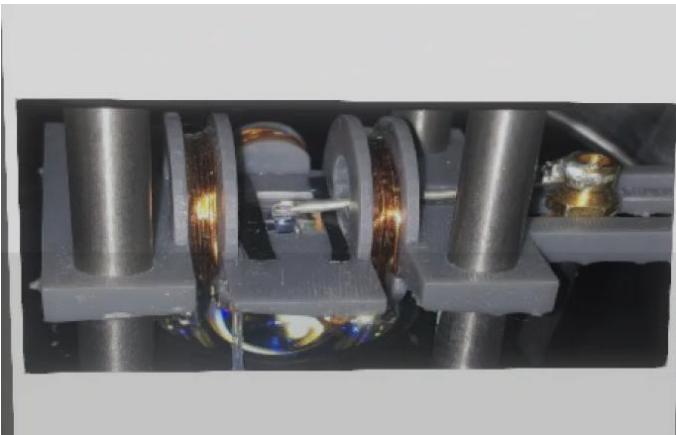
Can **interfere with real-life responsibilities**, leading to neglect of important tasks.

Game play in Qookies

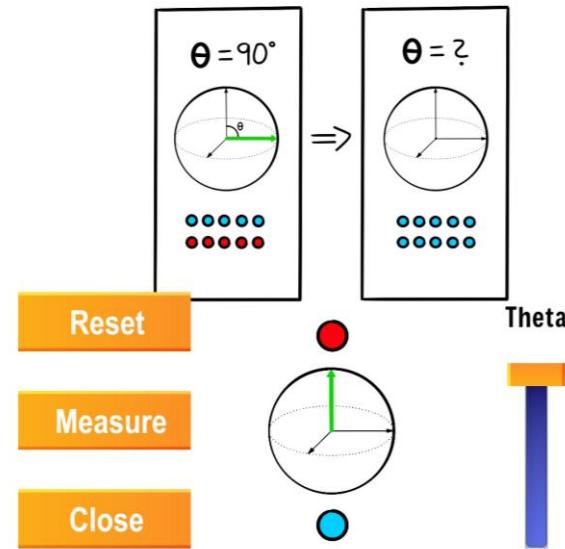


How do we „represent“ concepts in Quantum Physics

Real images from
the lab

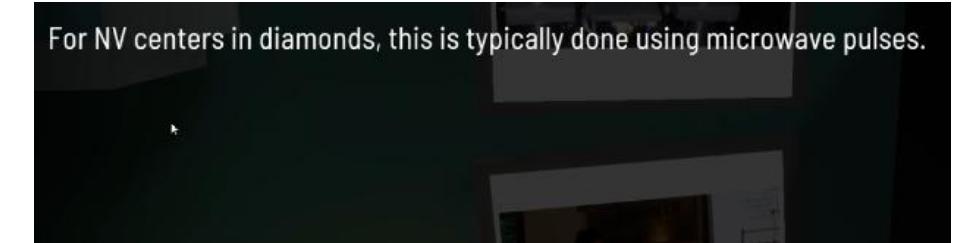


Convention-based
representation

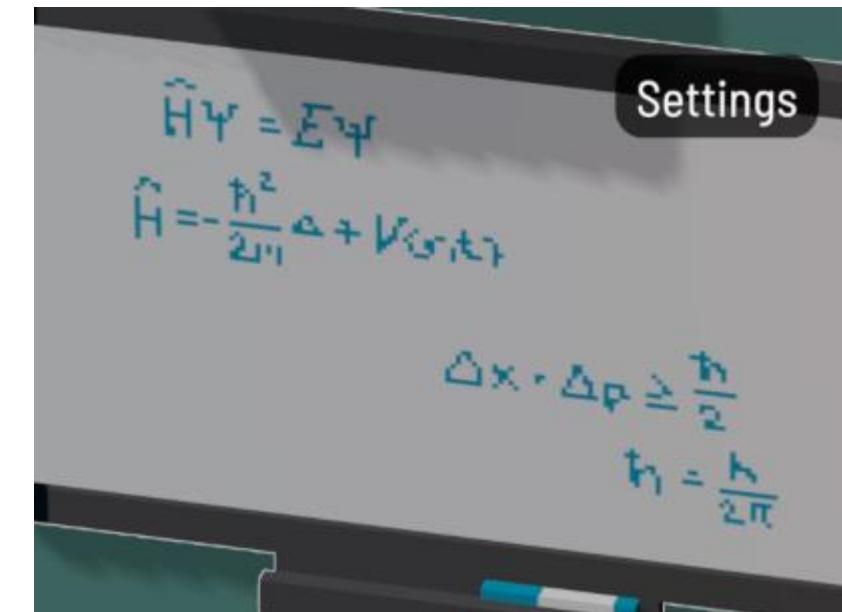


Verbal explanations

For NV centers in diamonds, this is typically done using microwave pulses.

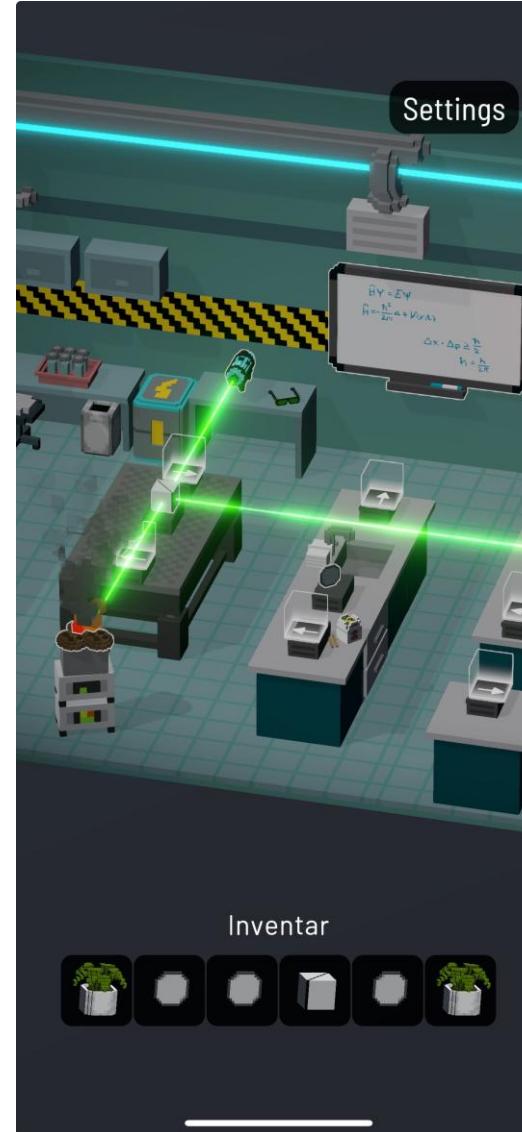


Equations



How do we keep students engaged?

Regular
interactions with
parts of the story

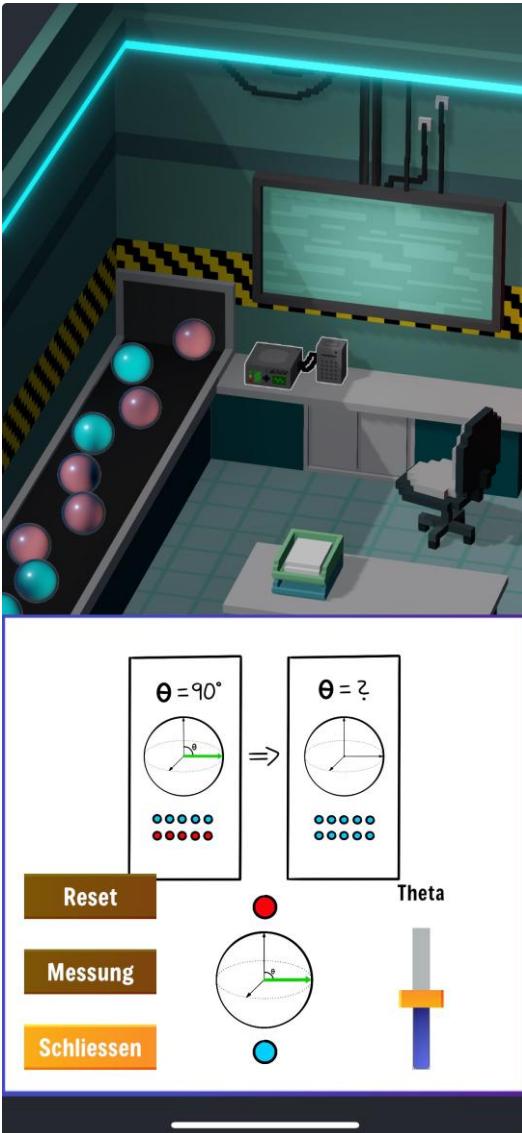


Different levels of concept-based interaction



How do we include concepts of quantum physics?

Example: the effect of a measurement



How do students gain conceptual understanding of Quantum physics

Learn

+ apply

learning nuggets

+ solve the level

Use microwaves to influence the state of the qubits in NV diamonds.

Manipulation with microwaves

Level 22

 Watch Learning Animation

 Start Level

Research Questions and Hypotheses

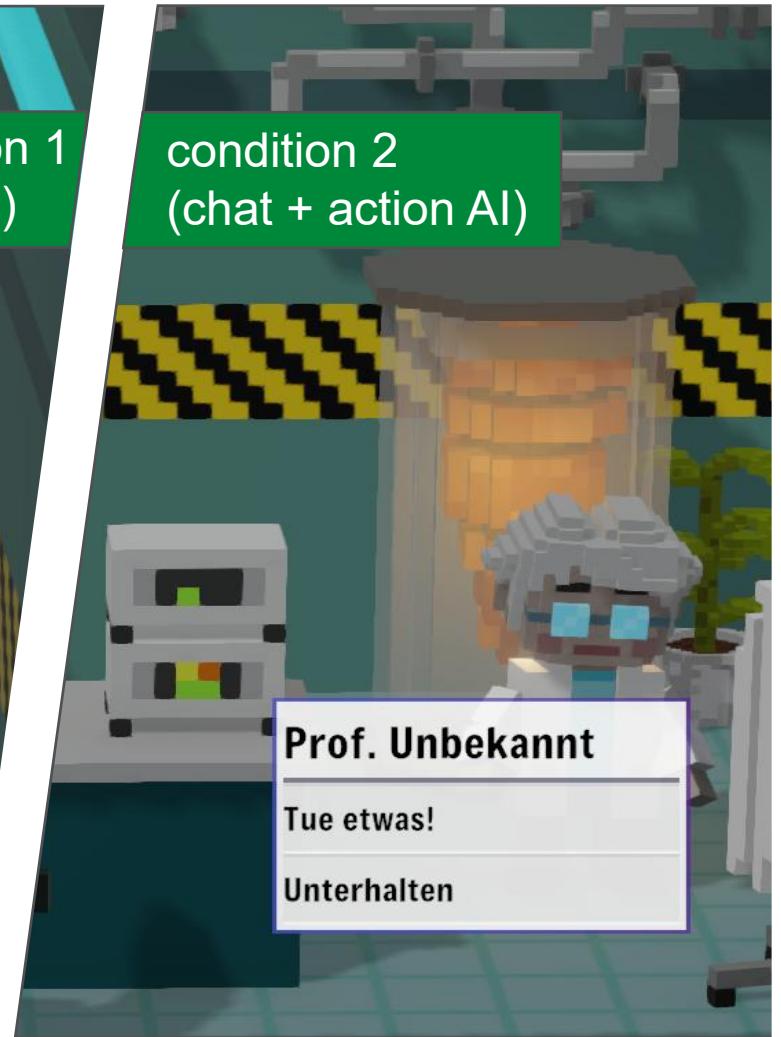
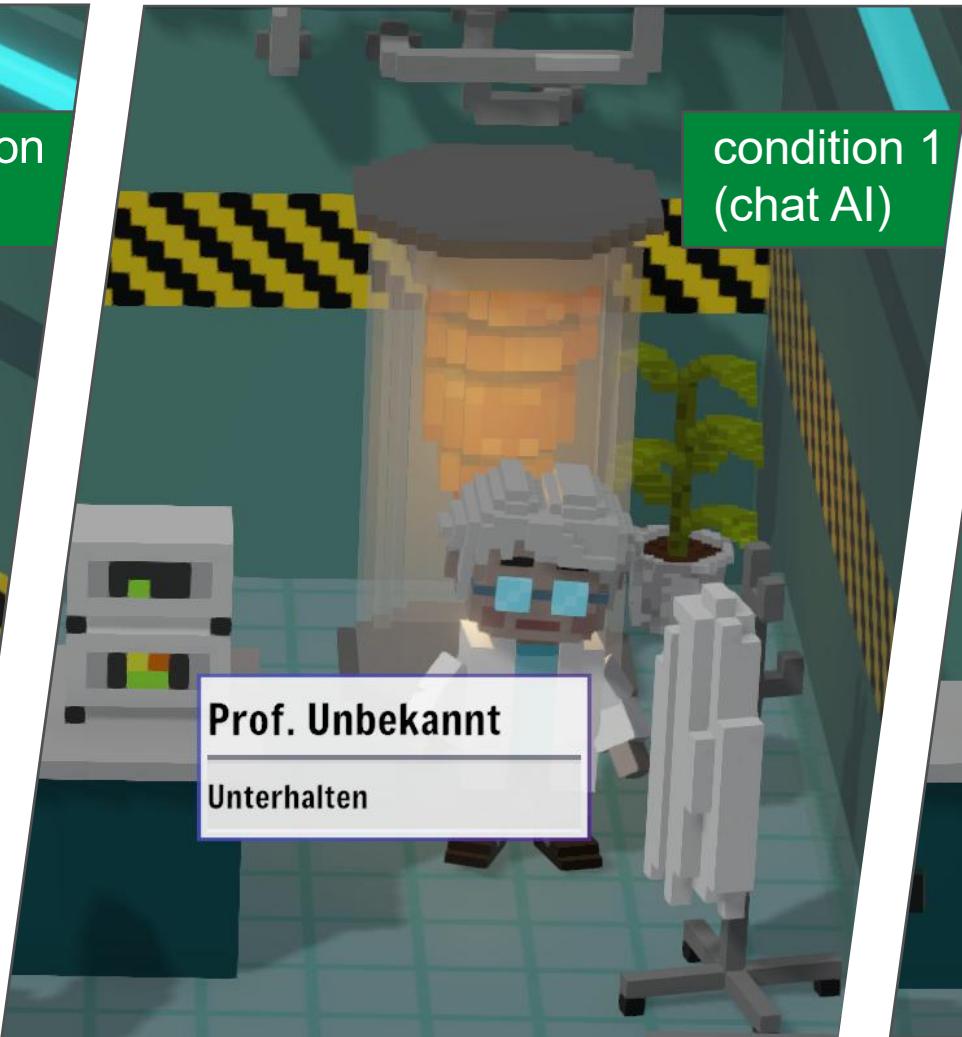
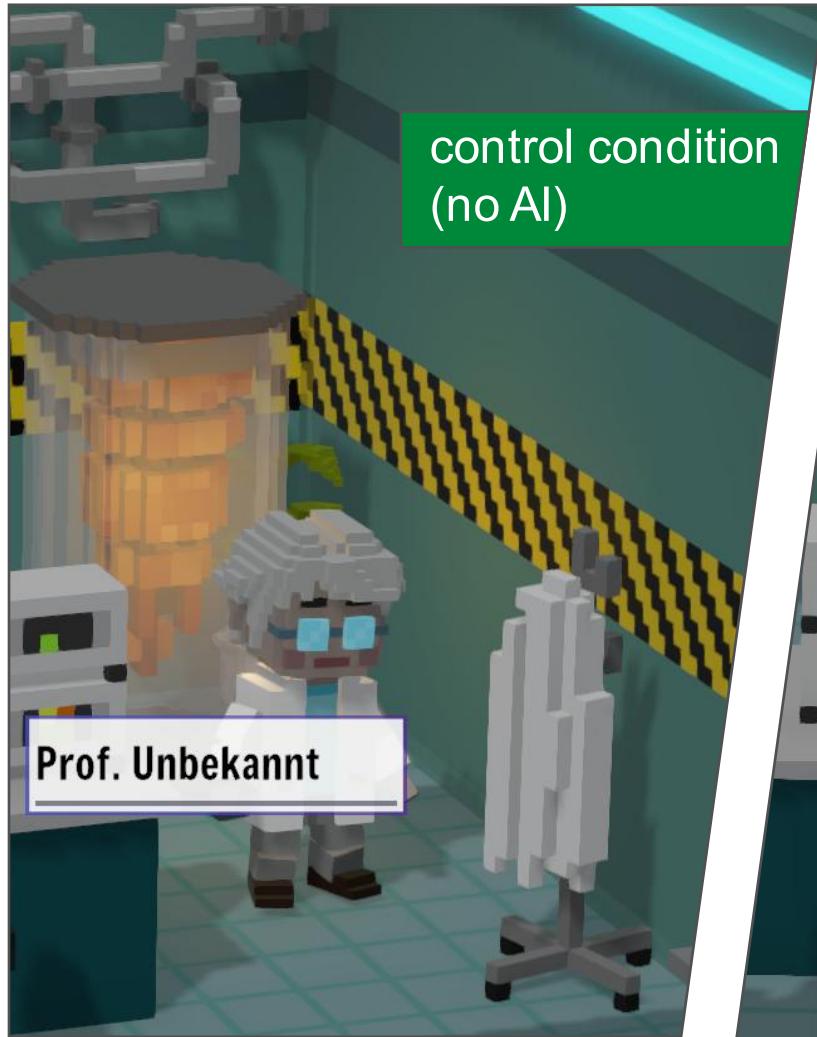
1. How can an AI character effectively support a player in learning QT content?

- Scaffolding in digital game-based learning can effectively improve learning (Cai et al. 2022)
- Scaffolding usefulness has a significant positive correlation with game usefulness and game ease of use (Chein et al. 2024)

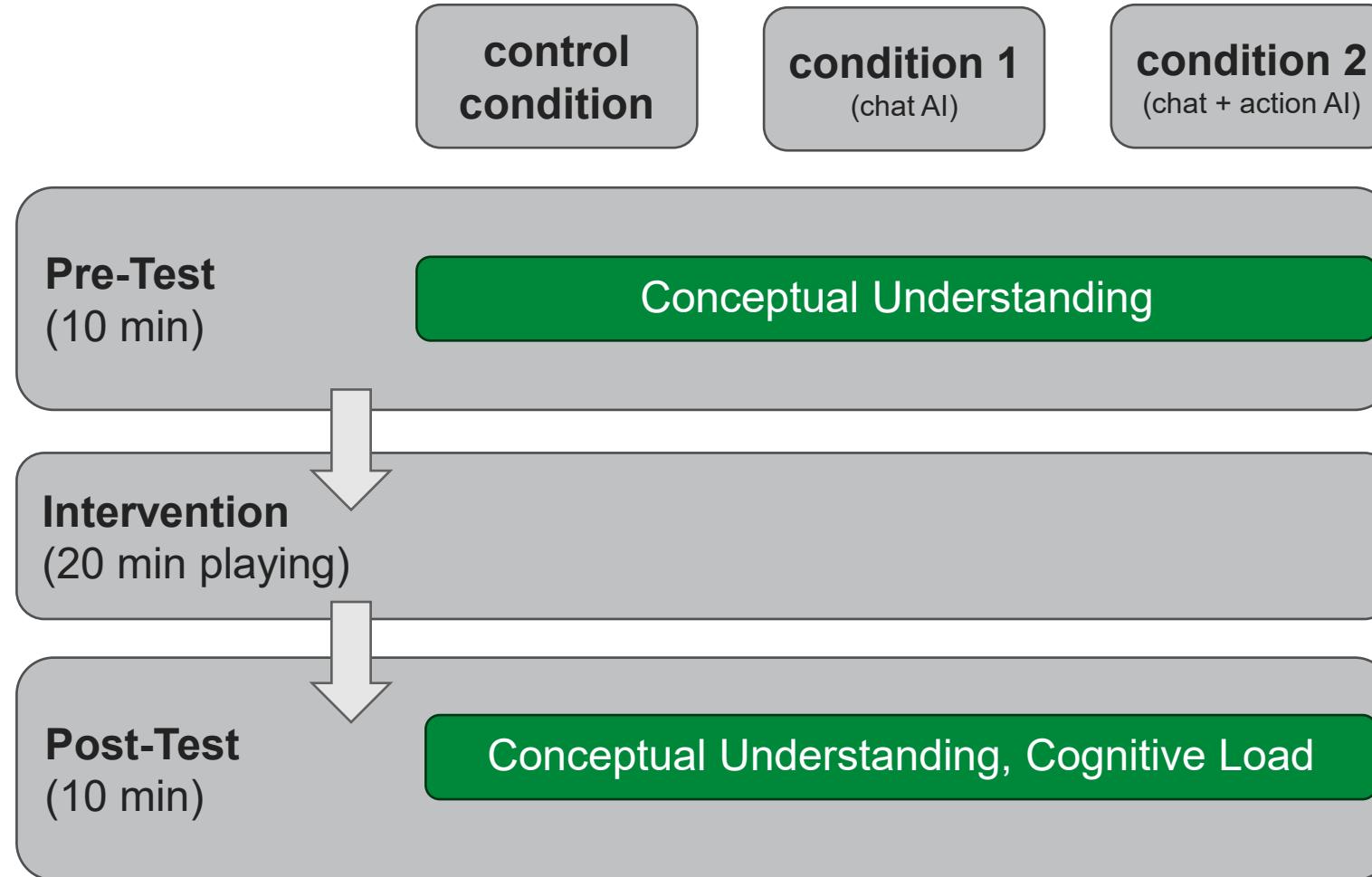
2. How does the AI character influence the player's cognitive load?

- Scaffolding can reduce cognitive load (Arnold et al. 2017)
- Adaptive scaffolding has a positive impact on cognitive load (Faber et al. 2023)
- Use of generative AI places high demands on metacognition (Tankelevitch et al. 2024)

Conditions



Studydesign and Methods



Participants

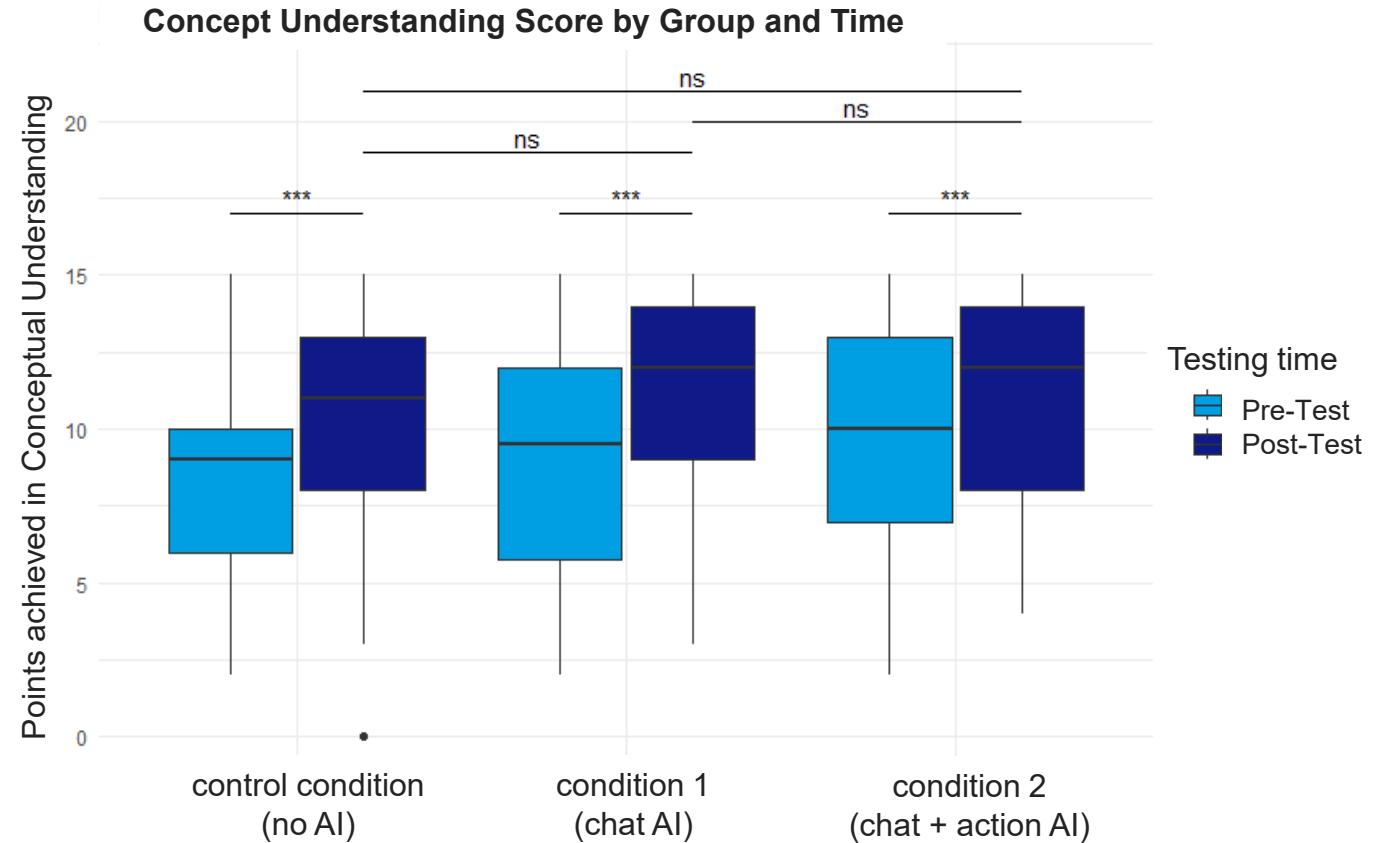
	Control condition (no AI)	Condition 1 (chat AI)	Condition 2 (chat + action AI)
Number	47 65	50 32	55
Gender (m/f/d)	26/20/1 33/28/4	24/23/3 17/15/0	31/20/4
Occupation (pupil/student/employee/other)	35/ 7/3/2 43/22/5/5	26/27/4/3 18/12/2/0	34/15/4/2

We reach significantly fewer people from the interested public.

Only a fraction of the participants who had the opportunity accessed the functions of the AI.

AI and Learning QT content

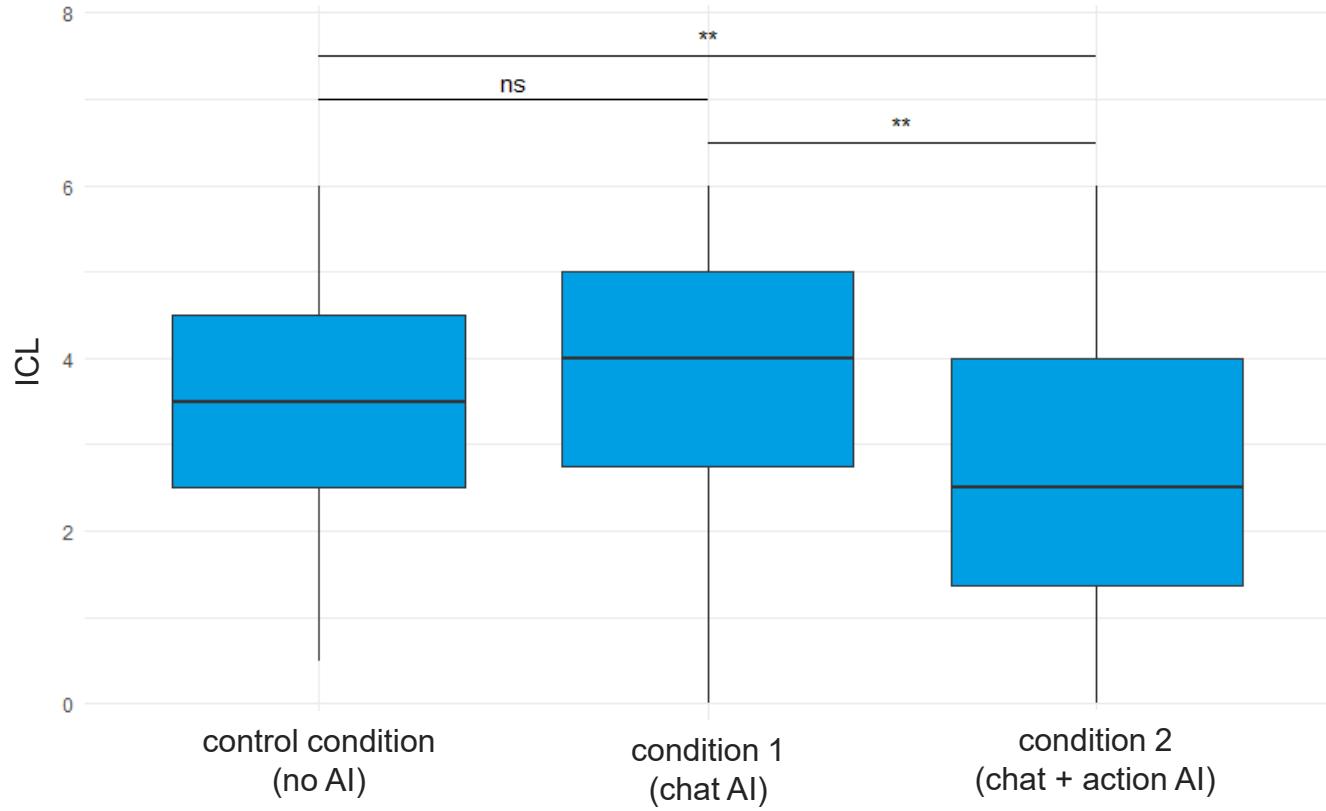
How can an AI character effectively support a player in learning QT content?



Participants learn through our game, regardless of the kind of scaffolding.

AI and Cognitive Load

How does the AI character influence the player's cognitive load?



Compared to the other two groups, the ICL is significantly reduced in the condition 2. ECL and GCL do not differ between the groups.

Takeaways

- Games are an effective way to engage even young learners about quantum physics
- Only a fraction of the participants who had the opportunity accessed the functions of the AI.
- Participants learn through our game, regardless of the kind of scaffolding.
- Compared to the other two groups, the ICL is significantly reduced in the condition 2.
- ECL and GCL do not differ between the groups.
- So far, we have not included a high level of interaction with mathematical equations

Thank you!

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A mobile game about
quantum quests and crumbly chaos

Qookies

A Quantum Quest



Grab your smartphone and let's discover
quantum technologies together!

Literature

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